PHYSICS 110A : MECHANICS 1 PROBLEM SET #4

[1] An electrical circuit consists of a resistor R and a capacitor C connected in series to an emf V(t).

(a) Write down the differential equation for the charge Q(t) on one of the capacitor plates.

(b) Solve the homogeneous equation for Q(t), *i.e.* find Q(t) when V(t) = 0 subject to arbitrary initial value of Q(0).

(c) Solve for the current I(t) flowing in the circuit when $V(t) = V_0 \Theta(t)$. Assume Q(0) = 0.

(d) Solve for the current I(t) flowing in the circuit when $V(t) = V_0 \sin(\Omega t) \Theta(t)$.

For parts (c) and (d), you should use the Green's function formalism in the time domain. The following integral may prove useful:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \, \frac{e^{-i\omega s}}{1 - i\omega \tau} = \frac{1}{\tau} \, e^{-s/\tau} \, \Theta(s) \quad .$$

[2] A forced, damped harmonic oscillator obeys the equation of motion

$$\left(\frac{d}{dt} + \alpha\right) \left(\frac{d}{dt} + \beta\right) x = f_0 e^{-\gamma t} \Theta(t)$$
 .

Compute x(t) assuming $x(0) = \dot{x}(0) = 0$.