

Phys 4A CHAPTER 1 SOLUTIONS

Chpt 1 : 1, 7, 20, 29, 33, 43,
50, 58

CHAPTER 1

① CONVERT WEIGHT IN POUNDS
TO MASS :

$$\text{a) } 170 \text{ lbs} \left(\frac{.454 \text{ Kg}}{1 \text{ lb}} \right) = 77.2 \text{ Kg}$$

$$\text{b) } 77.2 \text{ Kg} = 77.2 \text{ Kg} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ Kg}} \right) \\ = 7.72 \times 10^4 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{c) } 7.72 \times 10^4 \text{ g} = 7.72 \times 10^4 \text{ g} \left(\frac{1 \text{ Gg}}{1 \times 10^9 \text{ g}} \right) \\ = 7.72 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Gg}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad 7.72 \times 10^4 \text{ g} \left(\frac{1 \text{ fg}}{1 \times 10^{-15} \text{ g}} \right) = 7.72 \times 10^{-11} \text{ fg}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \# \text{ ATOMS} = \frac{\text{LENGTH OF LINE}}{\text{DIAMETER OF ATOM}}$$

$$= \frac{1 \text{ cm}}{.1 \text{ nm}} = \frac{1 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}}{1 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}}$$

$$= 1 \times 10^8 \text{ ATOMS}$$

$$\textcircled{20} \textcircled{a} \quad 550 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{CAMELS}}{\text{YEAR}} \left(\frac{42 \text{ gallons}}{\text{CAMEL}} \right) \cdot ()$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{\text{YEAR}}{365 \text{ d}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ d}}{24 \text{ hr}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ s}} \right)$$

$$= 7.32 \times 10^5 \frac{\text{gallons}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad 7.32 \times 10^5 \frac{\text{gallons}}{\text{s}} \left(\frac{.1590 \text{ m}^3}{\text{gallon}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ L}}{10^{-3} \text{ m}^3} \right)$$

$$= 1.16 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{L}}{\text{s}}$$

$$(29) \quad 3.6 \times 10^5 \text{ m} + 2.1 \times 10^3 \text{ km}$$

$$= 3.6 \times 10^5 \text{ m} + 2.1 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$= 2.5 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$= 2.5 \times 10^3 \text{ km}$$

$$(33) \quad \text{Area per component}$$

$$= \frac{\text{TOTAL AREA}}{\# \text{ COMPONENTS}}$$

$$= \frac{(5.0 \text{ mm})^2}{1 \times 10^6} = \frac{2.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mm}^2}{1 \times 10^6}$$

$$(43) \quad \# \text{ OF EARTHS} = \frac{\text{VOLUME OF SUN}}{\text{VOLUME OF EARTH}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{4}{3} \pi R_{\text{sun}}^3}{\frac{4}{3} \pi R_{\text{earth}}^3} = \left(\frac{R_{\text{sun}}}{R_{\text{earth}}} \right)^3$$

$$= \left(\frac{6.96 \times 10^8 \text{ m}}{6.37 \times 10^6 \text{ m}} \right)^3 \approx 1 \times 10^6$$

$$\textcircled{50} \quad \# \text{ lightbulbs} = \frac{\text{Sun's total power output}}{\text{Bulb power output}}$$

$$= \frac{(\text{Intensity of Sunlight at Earth})}{(\text{Bulb power output})} \left(\text{Surface Area of Sphere Surrounding Sun} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{10 \cdot 100 \text{ W}}{\text{m}^2} \right) \left(4\pi (1.50 \times 10^9 \text{ m})^2 \right)}{100 \text{ W}}$$

$$= 2.83 \times 10^{20} \text{ lightbulbs}$$

$$\textcircled{58} \quad \text{Rate of fingernail growth} = \text{Drift Rate}$$

$$= \frac{3 \text{ mm}}{\text{month}} = \frac{3.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}}{\text{month}}$$

$$= \frac{3.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}}{\text{month}} \left(\frac{12 \text{ months}}{\text{year}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{3.6 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}}{\text{year}}$$

Age of Atlantic

$$= \frac{\text{DISTANCE ACROSS ATLANTIC}}{\text{DRIFT RATE}}$$

$$= \frac{3 \times 10^6 \text{ m}}{3.6 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/YEAR}} \approx 83 \text{ million YEARS}$$