

PHYSICS 1B(b) Quiz #2 Solutions

Problem 1

$$\text{Voltage} = 10 \text{ kV} = 10^4 \text{ V}$$

$$r = 1 \text{ mm} = 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$\rho = 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\rho = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{Volume}} = \frac{m}{\frac{4}{3}\pi(10^{-3} \text{ m})^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{4}{3}\pi(10^{-3} \text{ m})^3 \cdot 10^3 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$
$$= 4.18 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kg.}$$

By conservation of energy,

$$\Delta \text{PE} = \text{KE}$$

$$\Rightarrow qV = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \Rightarrow v = \sqrt{\frac{2qV}{m}}$$

$$q = (10^{16} \text{ electrons}) \left(\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}}{\text{electrons}} \right)$$

$$= 1.6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ C}$$

$$\Rightarrow v = \sqrt{\frac{2(1.6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ C})(10^4 \text{ V})}{4.12 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kg}}}$$

$$\approx 2.78 \times 10^3 \text{ m/s}$$

Problem 2

$$v_y^2 = v_{0,y}^2 + 2a_y \Delta y$$

$$a_y = -g = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

Want position at top of path, so $v_y = 0$.

$$v_{0,y} = 2.78 \times 10^3 \text{ m/s}$$

$$2a_y \Delta y = -(v_{0,y})^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta y = \frac{-(v_{0,y})^2}{2a_y}$$

$$= -\frac{(2.78 \times 10^3 \text{ m/s})^2}{2(-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)}$$

$$\approx 3.94 \times 10^5 \text{ m} = 394 \text{ km.}$$

Problem 3

$$V = \frac{k_e |q|}{r} = \frac{(8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2})(1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})}{2 \times 10^{-3} \text{m}}$$

$$\approx 4.5 \times 10^6 \text{ V}$$

Problem 4

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d} = \frac{(8.85 \times 10^{-12} \frac{\text{F}}{\text{m}})(4 \times 10^{-4} \text{m}^2)}{10^{-6} \text{m}}$$

$$= 3.54 \times 10^{-9} \text{ F} = 3.54 \text{ nF}$$

Problem 5

$$C_{eq} = \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2}$$

$$C_1 = k_1 C, \quad C_2 = k_2 C$$

$$\Rightarrow C_{eq} = \frac{(k_1 C)(k_2 C)}{(k_1 + k_2)C} = \frac{(k_1)(k_2)}{k_1 + k_2} C$$

$$= \frac{(15)(10)}{(15+10)} C = 6C = 2.12 \times 10^{-8} \text{ F}$$

Problem 6)

$$E = \frac{1}{2} C_{eq} V^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2.12 \times 10^{-8} \text{ F})(10 \text{ V})^2 \\ \approx 1.06 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$$

Problem 7)

Since the capacitors are in series, the charge on each is the same.

$$\Rightarrow Q_T = Q_1 = Q_2 = C_{eq} V = (2.12 \times 10^{-8} \text{ F})(10 \text{ V}) \\ = 2.12 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$$

$$C_{\text{bottom capacitor}} = (10)(3.54 \times 10^{-9} \text{ F}) = 3.54 \times 10^{-8} \text{ F}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{\text{bottom capacitor}} = \frac{Q}{C_{\text{bottom capacitor}}} = \frac{2.12 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}}{3.54 \times 10^{-8} \text{ F}} \approx 6.0 \text{ V}$$

Problem 8

$$C_{eq, \text{left branch}} = C_1 + C_2 = 5 \text{ F}$$

$$C_{eq, \text{right branch}} = \frac{C_3 C_4}{C_3 + C_4} = 2.67 \text{ F}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_{eq, \text{upper}} = 7.67 \text{ F}$$

$$C_{\text{TOTAL}} = \frac{(C_{eq, \text{upper}})(C_5)}{C_{eq, \text{up}} + C_5} = \frac{(7.67 \text{ F})(3 \text{ F})}{7.67 \text{ F} + 3 \text{ F}}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_{\text{TOTAL}} \approx 2.16 \text{ F}$$

Problem 9

$$P = \frac{I}{A}$$

$$\text{Power} = P = I \Delta V \Rightarrow I = \frac{P}{\Delta V} = \frac{100 \text{ W}}{110 \text{ V}} \approx 0.9 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{Cross-sectional area} = \pi r^2 = \pi \left(\frac{0.25 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}}{2} \right)^2 \approx 4.91 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \frac{0.9 \text{ A}}{4.91 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2} \approx 1.83 \times 10^7 \text{ A/m}^2$$

Problem 10

$$V = IR \Rightarrow R = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{110 \text{ V}}{0.9 \text{ A}}$$

$$\Rightarrow R \approx 122 \Omega$$

Problem 8

Cap. left bank = $C_1 + C_2 = 2F$

Cap. right bank = $\frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2} = \frac{C_1 C_2}{2F} = 0.5 F$

$\Rightarrow C_{\text{total}} = 1.5 F$

$C_{\text{total}} = \frac{(C_1 + C_2) \times C_3}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3} = \frac{(2F) \times (0.5F)}{2F + 0.5F} = \frac{F \times 0.5F}{2.5F} = 0.2 F$

$\Rightarrow C_{\text{total}} = 2.1 F$

Problem 9

$I = \frac{P}{V}$

$P_{\text{max}} = 9 = I \Delta V \Rightarrow I = \frac{9}{\Delta V} = 0.9 \text{ A}$

Energy stored = $\frac{1}{2} C V^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times (10^{-6}) \times (100)^2 = 5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ J} = 0.05 \text{ J}$

$\Rightarrow P = \frac{A.P.O}{m \times 10^{-6}} = \frac{0.9 \text{ A} \times 100 \text{ V}}{10^{-6}} = 9 \times 10^7 \text{ W}$

Problem 10 $V = IR \Rightarrow R = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{110 \text{ V}}{0.9 \text{ A}}$

$\Rightarrow R = 122.2 \Omega$